



South Tyneside Council

Reference:	260162
Location:	122 Ocean Road, South Shields, South Tyneside, NE33 2JF
Ward:	Beacon and Bents
Description:	Insertion of one rooflight
Recommendation:	Grant Permission Householder with Conditions
Case Officer:	Nick Graham
Case Officer Contact No.:	0191 4247427 or 07741108995

Summary of Consultation Responses

N/A

Summary of Representations

No responses received.

Relevant planning policy

Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 requires that an application for planning permission must be determined in accordance with the adopted development plan, unless material considerations indicate otherwise.

The statutory development plan comprises the Council's adopted Local Development Framework (LDF) development plan documents. Those LDF documents of relevance to this application comprise of the Core Strategy 2007, a Development Management Policies Development Plan Document (DPD) 2011, a Site Specific Allocations Development Plan Document DPD 2012.

The following policies and guidance are also relevant to this planning application:

- Supplementary Planning Document 9 (Householder Development)

The following policies and guidance are also relevant to this planning application:

- LDF CS ST1 - Spatial Strategy for South Tyneside
- Supplementary Planning Document 9 (Householder Development)

On 4 March 2025, the Council was directed by the Secretary of State for the Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government to submit the South Tyneside Local Plan for examination by 12 March 2025 in accordance with Regulation 22 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012. The Local Plan has been subject to examination in public hearings in July 2025 and January 2026. The Local Plan is now subject

to Main Modifications consultation following receipt of the Inspectors post-hearing letter (12 February 2026) which determined that the plan as submitted is not sound but could be made sound through Main Modifications.

Paragraph 49 of the National Planning Policy Framework (2024) states that local planning authorities may give weight to relevant policies in emerging plans according to:

- the stage of preparation of the emerging plan (the more advanced its preparation, the greater the weight that may be given);
- the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies (the less significant the unresolved objections, the greater the weight that may be given); and,
- the degree of consistency of the relevant policies in the emerging plan to this Framework (the closer the policies in the emerging plan to the policies in the Framework, the greater the weight that may be given).

Whilst the draft Local Plan is now at an advanced stage of preparation, the weight that can be given to individual Policies in the Plan varies. Local Plan policies subject to Main Modifications consultation may still be subject to objection and, therefore very limited weight should be given to those policies. Policies not subject to Main Modifications can generally be afforded greater weight. Relevant Policies are as listed below (with text provided after each Policy regarding the weight that officers consider can be afforded to that Policy):

- Policy SP1: Presumption in favour of Sustainable Development (limited)
- Policy 1: Promoting Healthy Communities (limited)
- Policy 47 Design Principles (very limited)

National planning policy is also a material consideration in determining this planning application. Relevant national policy comprises the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG), the National Design Guide and the National Model Design Code.

Assessment

Prior approval under Schedule 2, Part 3, Class MA of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 was granted in March 2026 for the change of use of a partly converted maisonette above existing café/restaurant to separate 1no. first and second floor maisonette. A rooflight was shown on the submitted prior approval plans but it could not be approved under that procedure and required planning permission in its own right, and hence this planning application.

LDF Policy DM1 seeks to preserve the visual amenity of the area (limb A) and the residential amenity of neighbouring properties (limb B), whilst Supplementary Planning Document 9 provides guidance for householder developments. Having regard to the design, scale, massing and relationship with neighbouring properties of the proposed development, it is considered that it would not give rise to significant harm to the visual amenity of the area or the residential amenity of any neighbouring properties.

Conclusion

In conclusion, and having regard for all of the above, it is considered that the proposal would have an acceptable impact upon the residential and visual amenity of the area. It is considered that the proposal complies with all relevant local and national planning policy and the application is therefore recommended for approval.

Recommendation

Grant Permission Householder with Conditions

Conditions

- 1 The development to which this permission relates must be commenced not later than 3 years from the date of this permission.

As required by Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and to ensure that the development is carried out within a reasonable time.

- 2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plan(s) as detailed below

Existing and Proposed Elevations and Plans Drg. No. 0736-1755-767 received 20/03/2026

Proposed Elevations and Plans Drg. No. 1 received 20/03/2026

Proposed Roof and Site Plan received 20/03/2026

Any minor material changes to the approved plans will require a formal planning application under S73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 to vary this condition and substitute alternative plans.

In order to provide a procedure to seek approval of proposed minor material change which is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

- 3 The external surfaces of the development hereby permitted shall be of similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing building on which the extension will form part.

To ensure a satisfactory standard of development and in the interests of visual amenity in accordance with South Tyneside LDF Development Management Policy DM1.

Informatives

- 1 Approval of a Biodiversity Gain Plan NOT REQUIRED before development commences

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition "(the biodiversity gain condition)" that development may not begin unless:

- (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and
- (b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

However, based on the information available, this permission is considered to be one which will not require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because one or more of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements are considered to apply - please refer to Biodiversity net gain: exempt developments - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk).

2 UNIQUE NOTE TO APPLICANT

Your attention is drawn to the Party Wall Etc. Act 1996, which provides a framework for preventing and resolving disputes in relation to party walls, boundary walls and excavations near neighbouring buildings.

A building owner proposing to start work covered by the Act must give adjoining owners notice of their intentions in the way set down in the Act. Adjoining owners can agree or disagree with what is proposed. Where they disagree, the Act provides a mechanism for resolving disputes.

The Act is separate from obtaining planning permission or building regulations approval and you can find out more about it at:

<https://www.gov.uk/party-wall-etc-act-1996-guidance>

Case officer: Nick Graham

Signed: N. Graham

Date: 06/05/2026

Authorised Signatory: *G. Simonette*

Date: 06/05/2026